

Company's Articles of Association concerning the Shareholders Meeting and Vote Casting

Shareholder Meeting

Article 37. The Board of Directors shall call a shareholders' meeting as an Annual General Meeting within four months from the ending of the fiscal year of the Company.

All other shareholders' meeting are called Extraordinary General Meeting. The Board of Directors may call an Extraordinary General Meeting whenever it deems appropriate, or one or more shareholders holding the aggregate number of shares of not less than ten (10) percent of the total issued shares may request the Board of Directors in writing to call an Extraordinary General Meeting at any time, but the agenda and reasons for holding such meeting shall be clearly indicated in such a request. In such event, the Board of Directors is required to call the Extraordinary General Meeting within forth-five (45) days from the date on which such written request is received.

If the Board of Directors does not hold the meeting within the forty-five (45) days period under paragraph two, the shareholders who subscribe their names or other shareholders holding shares in the required amount may call the meeting within forty-five (45) days from the date on which the period of time in paragraph two ends. In such case, the meeting is deemed to be shareholders' meeting called by the Board of Directors and the Company shall be responsible for the expenses necessarily incurred in the holding of such meeting and facilitate such meeting as reasonably required.

If the quorum is not constituted pursuant to Article 39 in any general meeting called pursuant to paragraph three, the shareholders requesting the meeting pursuant to paragraph three shall compensate the Company for the expenses incurred in the arrangements for holding that meeting.

Article 38. In calling a shareholder meeting, the Board of Directors shall prepare a written notice calling the meeting that states the place, date, time, agenda of the meeting and the matters to be proposed to the meeting with reasonable detail by indication clearly whether it is the matter proposed for information, for approval, or for consideration, as the case may be, including the opinions of the Board of Directors in the said matters, and the said notice shall be delivered to the shareholders and the Registrar for their information at least seven days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice calling for the meeting shall also be published in a newspaper of at least three consecutive days no less than three days before the meeting.



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Shareholders' meeting could be held at the region where head office location or others nationwide.

Article 39. In order to constitute a quorum, there shall be shareholders and proxies (if any) attending at a shareholder meeting amounting to not less than twenty-five persons, or not less than on half of the total member of shareholders, and in either case such shareholders shall hold shares amounting to not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold.

At any shareholder meeting, if one hour has passed from the time specified for the meeting and the number of shareholders and the aggregate number of shares held by the shareholders attending the meeting is still inadequate for q quorum, and if such shareholders meeting was called as a result of a request by the shareholders, such meeting shall be cancelled. If such meeting was called by the Board of Directors, the meeting shall be called once again and the notice calling such meeting shall be delivered to the shareholders not less than seven days prior to the date of the meeting. In the subsequent meeting a quorum is not required. The shares owned by company itself do not count for quorum.

- Article 40. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside at every shareholders meeting. If the Chairman of the Board is not present at a meeting, or cannot perform his duty, and if there is a Vice-Chairman, the Vice-Chairman present at the meeting shall be the chairmen of the meeting. If there is no Vice-Chairman, or if the Vice-Chairman cannot perform his duty, the shareholders present at the meeting shall elect one shareholder to be the chairman of the meeting.
- Article 43. The matters which should be conducted by the annual general meeting of shareholders are as follows;
 - to consider the report of the board of director concerning the Company's business in the past year period;
 - (2) to consider and approve the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss for the past year period;
 - (3) to consider and approve of profit allocation.
 - (4) to consider and elect new directors in place of those who retire by rotation.
 - (5) to consider and appoint auditor and fix the remuneration of the auditor; and
 - (6) Other business.



Article 54. The Board of Directors meeting, Shareholders meeting, and other meetings as required by laws may be organized and held through electronic media. In such event, the invitation notice and other supporting documents must be sent, and copy of which must be retained, in accordance with the requirements of laws and related regulations then in effect at the time of the meeting. The Board of Directors meeting or Shareholders meeting organized and held through electronic media shall be the same legal effect as if any such meetings was organized and held at one place of the meeting as specified by laws and elsewhere in these Articles of Association.

Proxy and Voting

Article 41. At shareholder meetings, a shareholder may authorize a person who is sui juris as his proxy to attend the meeting and vote on his behalf. The proxy form shall be as specified by the Registrar under the law governing public limited companies.

> The appointment shall be made in writing and signed by the principal, and it shall be Submitted to the Chairman of the Board, or to the person designated by the Chairman of the Board, at the place of the meeting before the proxy attends the meeting.

- Article 42. A resolution put to the vote of the general meeting shall be decided as follow;
 - (1) The regular businesses shall be decided by the majority votes of the shareholders present and voting. In the case of a tie, the presiding chairman shall have a casting vote.
 - (2) The following specific business shall be decided by votes not less than threefourths of the total votes of the shareholders present and qualified to vote.
 - a) a sale or transfer of business of the company, in whole or in essential part, to other person;
 - b) a purchase of acceptance of transfer of business of other company or private company to be the company's own;
 - c) entering into, amending, or termination a lease of business of the company in whole or in essential part; entrusting other person with the management of the company; or amalgamating business with other persons with the objective to share profit and loss
 - d) Amend company's prospectus or regulation
 - e) Increase or decrease the company's registered capital
 - f) Issue bonds or debentures.
 - g) Liquidate the company
 - h) Merge with other companies.